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ontana's economy will grow about 1.7 percent in 1989, bringing some good news to the state after nearly a decade of economic decline, according to a University of Montana researcher. Paul Polzin, director of the UM Bureau of Business and Economic Research, made that projection as part of the Economics Montana forecasting program, cosponsored by the bureau and U S WEST. To make its economic forecasts for Montana, the bureau uses national and state information from various sources.

"This is only a modest increase by U.S. standards, but it certainly looks good compared to the declines we've experienced in six of the last nine years," Polzin says.

Polzin attributes the projected growth to continued expansion in Montana's mining industries and modest increases in other sectors of the economy, combined with an ending of employment declines in oil and gas exploration and railroads.

"But all bets are off if the long-expected national recession occurs or if there are further plant closures," Polzin says. The longer term forecasts show continued growth for Montana, but at rates slower than the national average, Polzin says.

Montana's overall economic activity, as measured by non-farm labor income, will increase an average of about 1.5 percent per year during 1990 and 1991, Polzin projects. Comparable figures for the United States are about 2.3 percent per year, he says.

Personal income, one of the major determinants of consumer spending, will increase about 4.9 percent during 1989, Polzin says. This rise may be deceptively rosy, he says, because it will be partially due to the recovery of agriculture from the drought of 1988.

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The long-term projections for personal income also show Montana lagging behind the rest of the country, Polzin says. The state's personal income will increase an average of 1.4 percent per year in 1990 and 1991, compared to 1.9 percent per year for the nation, he says. Montanans can also expect improvements in employment opportunities, Polzin says. Non-farm wage and salary employment will increase by slightly more than 6,000 between 1988 and 1991, he says. In spite of this growth, the number of wage and salary jobs projected for 1991 is only scarcely higher than it was in 1979.

÷		ends f 1985	-1991	U.S. Ec							
	Actual Projected										
	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991				
Real GNP,						_	_				
percent change	3.4	2.8	3.4	3.9	2.9	1.7	3.2				
Inflation (CPI),											
percent change	3.6	1.9	3.6	4.2	5.1	5.2	4.8				
Interest rate, percent											
90-day T-Bills	7.5	6.0	5.8	6.7	8.8	7.8	7.7				
Mortgage rate	11.6	10.3	9.3	9.2	10.7	9.9	10.1				
Housing starts,											
millions	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5				
Unemployment rate,											
percent	7.2	7.0	6.2	5.5	5.5	6.0	5.7				

	ual and		ted as	1985-19 of May s)		· . · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		Act	ual			Projected	
	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	<u>1990</u>	1991
Nonfarm wage & salary jobs	279.3	275.5	275.9	279.0	281.0	282.2	285.3
Mining	6.8	5.8	5.7	6.2	6.8	7.2	7.7
Construction	11.5	10.2	8.6	8.5	8.8	8.8	8.9
Manufacturing	21.8	21.1	21.0	20.8	20.7	20.4	20.3
Wood & paper products	9.4	9.1	9.2	8.9	9.0	8.9	8.8
Other manufacturing	12.4	12.0	11.8	11.9	11.7	11.5	11.5
Transportation & utilities	20.7	20.4	19.6	19.4	19.1	18.7	18.8
Railroads	4.0	3.7	3.4	3.4	3.3	2.9	2.9
Nonrailroads	16.7	16.7	16.2	16.0	15.8	15.8	15.9
Trade	74.6	72.6	72.7	73.0	72.9	73.1	73.5
Wholesale trade	16.6	15.4	14.8	14.7	14.6	14.7	14.9
Retail trade	58.0	57.2	57.9	58.3	58.3	58.4	58.6
Finance, ins. & real estate	13.3	13.1	13.3	13.4	13.5	13.6	13.8
Services	60.6	62.1	65.0	66.9	68.1	69.1	70.6
Government	70.0	70.2	70.0	70.8	71.1	71.3	71.7
Federal (civilian)	12.8	12.7	13.2	13.5	13.6	13.7	13.7
State & local	57.2	57.5	56.8	57.3	57.5	57.6	58.0

Sources: Montana Department of Labor and Industry, Research and Analysis Division; and University of Montana, Bureau of Business and Economic Research, Economics Montana.

Table 3
Personal Income by Major Component, Montana 1985-1991
Actual and Projected as of May 1989

	Projected	1991					60 283																										
	Pre	<b>61</b>	3 10,351																														
7 Dollars		1986	10,253	42	6,26	4	24	6	4	9	4	40,	546	25	29,	99	14(	52(	1,130	32.	778	313	1,547	29	95:	1,376	486	.68	-47	-48	17	4,028	Č
Millons of 1987 Dollars		1988	9,775	171	6,160	42	220	75	49	29	37	399	535	249	287	652	143	209	1,105	338	167	300	1,527	584	943	1,380	485	895	-462	-474	12	3,906	7,00
Mil	Actual	1987	9,948	453	6,095	41	202	57	55	20	31	395	548	256	293	656	148	508	1,079	345	734	287	1,492	576	916	1,394	456	938	-431	-443	12	3,832	1030
		1986	666'6	375	6,217	39	508	40	61	81	58	439	571	265	306	708	156	553	1,110	359	750	290	1,448	553	895	1,404	444	959	-433	-446	13	3,840	5
		1985	9,733	7	6,362	45	251	33	89	117	35	454	591	270	321	744	174	269	1,183	392	791	290	1,386	527	828	1,419	455	964	-436	-451	15	3,799	2000
	D	1991	12,663	445	7,763	53	341	139	9	91	20	491	099	302	358	803	151	652	1,400	448	951	391	1,937	739	1,198	1,687	598	1,089	-595	-608	13	5,050	0.000
	— Projected	1990	11,885	450	7,253	48	299	114	58	81	47	461	627	288	333	749	143	909	1,310	407	903	364	1,804	694	1,110	1,591	564	1,028	-556	-568	12	4,737	9000
of Dollars ——		1989	11,224																														
Millions of Do		1988	10,185	178	6,419	44	229	78	51	61	39	416	558	259	299	680	149	530	1,152	352	799	312	1,591	609	982	1,438	505	932	-482	-494	12	4,070	000
W	Actual	1987	9,948	453	6,095	41	202	57	55	29	31	395	548	256	293	656	148	508	1,079	345	734	287	1,492	576	916	1,394	456	938	-431	-443	12	3,832	4 070
		1986	6,569	329	5,950	37	199	38	28	78	25	420	547	254	293	678	149	529	1,062	344	718	278	1,386	529	857	1,343	425	918	-415	-427	12	3,675	40.4
		1985	9,095	7	5,945	42	234	31	64	109	30	424	552	252	300	695	163	532	1,105	366	739	27.1	1,295	492	803	1,326	425	901	-407	-421	14	3.550	
			Total personal income	Farm labor income	Nonfarm labor income	Agr. & forestry services	Mining	Metal mining	Coal mining	Oil & gas extraction	Nonmetal mining	Construction	Manufacturing	Wood & paper products	Other manufacturing	Transportation & utilities	Railroads	Nonrailroads	Trade	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance, Ins. & real estate	Services	Health	Nonhealth	Government	Federal	State & local	Adjustments to labor income	Social security contributions	Residence adjustment	Nonlabor income	Dividende interest 8 rent

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis: and University of Montana, Bureau of Business and Economic Research, Economics Montana.



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